General Purpose Financial Reports for the year ended 30 June 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Council Certificate	1
Principal Financial Statements Statement of Comprehensive Income Statement of Financial Position Statement of Changes in Equity Statement of Cash Flows	2 3 4 5
Notes to, and forming part of, the Principal Financial Statements	
Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies	6
Note 2 - Income	11
Note 3 - Expenses	13
Note 4 - Current Assets	14
Note 5 - Non-Current Assets	14
Note 6 - Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment & Investment Property	15
Note 7 - Liabilities	19
Note 8 - Reserves	20
Note 9 - Reconciliation of Cash Flow Statement	21
Note 10 - Functions	22
Note 11 - Financial Instruments	24
Note 12 - Expenditure Commitments	27
Note 13 - Financial Indicators	28
Note 14 - Uniform Presentation of Finances	29
Note 15 - Superannuation	30
Note 16 - Contingencies & Assets & Liabilities not Recognised	31
Note 17 - Related Party Transactions	32
Audit Report - Financial Statements	

Audit Report - Financial Statements
Audit Report - Internal Controls
Council Certificate of Audit Independence
Audit Certificate of Audit Independence

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2017

CERTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have been authorised by the Council to certify the financial statements in their final form. In our opinion:

- ▶ the accompanying financial statements comply with the Local Government Act 1999, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 and Australian Accounting Standards.
- the financial statements present a true and fair view of the Council's financial position at 30 June 2017 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.
- the financial statements accurately reflect the Council's accounting and other records.

Colin Pittman

ACTING CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Paul Athanasiadis ACTING MAYOR

Date: 17 September 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 30 June 2017

	Notes	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
INCOME			
Rates	2	2,041	1,932
Statutory charges	2	20	26
User charges	2	5,884	5,780
Grants, subsidies and contributions	2	6,073	5,901
Investment income	2	4	13
Reimbursements	2	93	-
Other income	2	780	381
Total Income	_	14,895	14,033
EXPENSES			
Employee costs	3	4,989	5,305
Materials, contracts & other expenses	3	8,486	10,604
Depreciation, amortisation & impairment	3	1,119	1,478
Finance costs	3	355	259
Total Expenses	_	14,949	17,646
OPERATING SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)		(54)	(3,613)
Amounts received specifically for new or upgraded assets		-	-
NET SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)		/F A\	(2.042)
transferred to Equity Statement		(54)	(3,613)
Other Comprehensive Income Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result			
Changes in revaluation surplus - infrastructure, property, plant & equipment	8	2,425	
Total Other Comprehensive Income	_	2,425	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	_	2,371	(3,613)

This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 30 June 2017

ASSETS Current Assets	Notes	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	4	769	375
Trade & other receivables	4	1,855	1,888
Inventories	4	319	511
Total Current Assets	-	2,943	2,774
Non-current Assets			
Financial assets	5	11	_
Infrastructure, property, plant & equipment	6	30,092	28,540
Total Non-current Assets	•	30,103	28,540
Total Assets		33,046	31,314
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Trade & other payables Borrowings Provisions	7 7 7	1,650 211 86	1,991 199 172
Total Current Liabilities	-	1,947	2,362
Non-current Liabilities Borrowings Provisions Total Non-current Liabilities Total Liabilities NET ASSETS	7 7	6,733 158 6,891 8,838 24,208	6,948 167 7,115 9,477 21,837
	•	•	,
EQUITY Accumulated Surplus Asset Revaluation Reserves Other Reserves TOTAL EQUITY	8	8,799 15,384 <u>25</u> 24,208	8,853 12,959 25 21,837

This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 30 June 2017

		Accumulated Surplus	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Other Reserves	TOTAL EQUITY
2017	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at end of previous reporting period Net Surplus / (Deficit) for Year Other Comprehensive Income		8,853 (54)	12,959	25	21,837 (54)
Loss on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant & equipment			2,425		2,425
Balance at end of period	•	8,799	15,384	25	24,208
2016					
Balance at end of previous reporting period		12,466	12,959	25	25,450
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for Year		(3,613)	12,939	25	(3,613)
Balance at end of period	ı	8,853	12,959	25	21,837

This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 30 June 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts Rates - general & other Fees & other charges User charges Investment receipts Grants utilised for operating purposes Reimbursements Other revenues Payments	Notes	2017 \$'000 1,988 22 6,484 3 6,528 102 (57)	2016 \$'000 1,984 28 6,198 21 6,375 125 107
Employee costs Materials, contracts & other expenses Finance payments	· -	(4,842) (9,030) (355)	(5,400) (11,117) (139)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Operating Activities		843	(1,818)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Amounts specifically for new or upgraded assets Payments Expenditure on renewal/replacement of assets Expenditure on new/upgraded assets	-	- (246)	(113)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Investing Activities		(246)	(113)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds from borrowings Payments		-	2,461
Repayments of borrowings Repayment of finance lease liabilities	_	(192) (11)	(189) (10)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Financing Activities		(203)	2,262
Net Increase (Decrease) in cash held	-	394	331
Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	9	375 769	44 375

This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes

DISTRICT COUNCIL OF COOBER PEDY

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of Preparation

1.1 Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as they apply to not-for-profit entities, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Interpretations and relevant South Australian legislation.

The financial report was authorised for issue by certificate under regulation 14 of the *Local Government* (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 dated (1.7.2013).

1.2 Historical Cost Convention

Except as stated below, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

1.3 Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates, and requires management to exercise its judgement in applying Council's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are specifically referred to in the relevant sections of this Note.

1.4 Rounding

All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000).

2 The Local Government Reporting Entity

The District Council of Coober Pedy is incorporated under the SA Local Government Act 1999 and has its principal place of business at Hutchinson Street, Coober Pedy. These financial statements include the Council's direct operations and all entities through which Council controls resources to carry on its functions. In the process of reporting on the Council as a single unit, all transactions and balances between activity areas and controlled entities have been eliminated.

3 Income recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Income is recognised when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising the income, or when the amount due constitutes an enforceable debt, whichever first occurs.

Where grants, contributions and donations recognised as incomes during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the amounts subject to those undischarged conditions are disclosed in these notes. Also disclosed is the amount of grants, contributions and receivables recognised as incomes in a previous reporting period which were obtained in respect of the Council's operations for the current reporting period.

In recent years the payment of untied financial assistance grants has varied from the annual allocation as shown in the table below:

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont)

	Cash Payment Received	Annual Allocation	Difference
2014/15	\$1,298,172	\$817,540	-\$480,632
2015/16	\$429,029	\$812,556	\$383,527
2016/17	\$1,286,884	\$804,945	-\$481,939

Because these grants are untied, the Australian Accounting Standards require that payments be recognised upon receipt. Accordingly, the operating results of these periods have been distorted compared to those that would have been reported had the grants been paid in the year to which they were allocated. The Operating Surplus Ratio disclosed in Note 13 has also been calculated after adjusting for the distortions resulting from the differences between the actual grants received and the grants entitlements allocated.

The actual amounts of untied grants received during the reporting periods (including the advance allocations) are disclosed in Note 2.

4 Cash, Cash Equivalents and other Financial Instruments

Cash Assets include all amounts readily convertible to cash on hand at Council's option with an insignificant risk of changes in value with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables for rates and annual charges are secured over the subject land, and bear interest at rates determined in accordance with the Local Government Act 1999. Other receivables are generally unsecured and do not bear interest.

All receivables are reviewed as at the reporting date and adequate allowance made for amounts the receipt of which is considered doubtful.

All financial instruments are recognised at fair value at the date of recognition. A detailed statement of the accounting policies applied to financial instruments forms part of Note 11.

5 Inventories

Inventories held in respect of stores have been valued by using the current cost of the assets at valuation date (24 June 2017).

6 Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment

6.1 Land under roads

Council has elected not to recognise land under roads acquired prior to 1 July 2008 as an asset in accordance with AASB 1051 Land under Roads. Land under roads acquired after 30 June 2008 has not been recognised as in the opinion of Council it is not possible to reliably attribute a fair value, and further that such value if determined would be immaterial.

6.2 Initial Recognition

All assets are initially recognised at cost. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

All non-current assets purchased or constructed are capitalised as the expenditure is incurred and depreciated as soon as the asset is held "ready for use". Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition, including architects' fees and engineering design fees and all other costs incurred. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Council includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont)

Capital works still in progress at balance date are recognised as other non-current assets and transferred to *infrastructure*, *property*, *plant* & *equipment* when completed ready for use.

6.3 Materiality

Assets with an economic life in excess of one year are only capitalised where the cost of acquisition exceeds materiality thresholds established by Council for each type of asset. In determining (and in annually reviewing) such thresholds, regard is had to the nature of the asset and its estimated service life.

Subsequent Recognition

All material asset classes are revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. For infrastructure and other asset classes where no active market exists, fair value is determined to be the current replacement cost of an asset less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost to reflect the already consumed or expired future economic benefits of the asset. The following asset classes were revalued as at July 1, 2016:

- Transport
- Water Supply
- Electricity Supply
- Wastewater

Building assets were revalued as at June 30, 2017.

6.4 Depreciation of Non-Current Assets

Other than land, all infrastructure, property, plant and equipment assets recognised are systematically depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis which, in the opinion of Council, best reflects the consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of classes of assets are reviewed annually.

6.5 Impairment

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to depreciation and are reviewed annually for impairment. Assets carried at fair value whose future economic benefits are not dependent on the ability to generate cash flows, and where the future economic benefits would be replaced if Council were deprived thereof, are not assessed for impairment.

Other assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount (which is the higher of the present value of future cash outflows or value in use).

Where an asset that has been revalued is subsequently impaired, the impairment is first offset against such amount as stands to the credit of that class of assets in Asset Revaluation Reserve, any excess being recognised as an expense.

6.6 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs in relation to qualifying assets (net of offsetting investment revenue) have been capitalised in accordance with AASB 123 "Borrowing Costs".

7 Payables

7.1 Goods & Services

Creditors are amounts due to external parties for the supply of goods and services and are recognised as liabilities when the goods and services are received. Creditors are normally paid 30 days after the month of invoice. No interest is payable on these amounts.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont)

7.2 Payments Received in Advance & Deposits

Amounts received from external parties in advance of service delivery, and security deposits held against possible damage to Council assets, are recognised as liabilities until the service is delivered or damage reinstated, or the amount is refunded as the case may be.

8 Borrowings

Loans are carried at their principal amounts which represent the present value of future cash flows associated with servicing the debt. Interest is accrued over the period to which it relates, and is recorded as part of "Payables".

9 Employee Benefits

9.1 Salaries, Wages & Compensated Absences

Liabilities for employees' entitlements to salaries, wages and compensated absences expected to be paid or settled within 12 months of reporting date are accrued at current costs (including payroll based oncosts) and recognised in the Statement of Financial Position at current values.

Liabilities for employee benefits in relation to long service leave are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position for employees with more than four years service at June 30, 2017 at current cost (including payroll based oncosts).

No accrual is made for sick leave as Council experience indicates that, on average, sick leave taken in each reporting period is less than the entitlement accruing in that period, and this experience is expected to recur in future reporting periods. Council does not make payment for untaken sick leave.

9.2 Superannuation

The Council makes employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to the Local Government Superannuation Scheme. The Scheme has two types of membership, each of which is funded differently. No changes in accounting policy have occurred during either the current or previous reporting periods. Details of the accounting policies applied and Council's involvement with the schemes are reported in Note 15.

10 Leases

Lease arrangements have been accounted for in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 117.

In respect of finance leases, where Council substantially carries all of the risks incident to ownership, the leased items are initially recognised as assets and liabilities equal in amount to the present value of the minimum lease payments. The assets are disclosed within the appropriate asset class, and are amortised to expense over the period during which the Council is expected to benefit from the use of the leased assets. Lease payments are allocated between interest expense and reduction of the lease liability, according to the interest rate implicit in the lease.

11 GST Implications

In accordance with UIG Abstract 1031 "Accounting for the Goods & Services Tax"

- Receivables and Creditors include GST receivable and payable.
- > Except in relation to input taxed activities, revenues and operating expenditures exclude GST receivable and payable.
- Non-current assets and capital expenditures include GST net of any recoupment.
- Amounts included in the Statement of Cash Flows are disclosed on a gross basis.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont)

12 Pending Accounting Standards

Certain new accounting standards and UIG interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2017 reporting period and have not been used in preparing these reports.

AASB 7 Financial Instruments – Disclosures

AASB 9 Financial Instruments

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

AASB 17 Leases

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

Standards containing consequential amendments to other Standards and Interpretations arising from the above - AASB 2010-7, AASB 2014-1, AASB 2014-3, AASB 2014-4, AASB 2014-5, AASB 2014-6, AASB 2014-7, AASB 2014-8, AASB 2014-9, AASB 2014-10, AASB 2015-1, AASB 2015-2, AASB 2015-3, AASB 2015-4, AASB 2015-5, AASB 2015-6 and AASB 2015-7.

(Standards not affecting local government have been excluded from the above list.)

Council is of the view that other than AASB 16 and AASB 1058, none of the above new standards or interpretations will affect any of the amounts recognised in the financial statements, but that they may impact certain information otherwise disclosed.

Accounting Standard AASB 16 *Leases* may have a material effect on the amounts disclosed in these reports, particularly in relation to Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment, but does not commence until the 2019/20 financial period, and it is not Council's intention to adopt this Standard early.

Accounting Standard AASB 1058 *Income of Not-for-Profit Entities* may have a material effect on the amounts disclosed in these reports, particularly in revenues from grants & subsidies, but does not commence until the 2019/20 financial period, and it is not Council's intention to adopt this Standard early.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 2 - INCOME

	Notes	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
RATES REVENUES			
General Rates		1,408	1,341
Less: Mandatory rebates Less: Discretionary rebates, remissions &		(1)	(5)
write offs	_	(23)	(40)
		1,384	1,296
Other Rates (including service charges)			
Natural Resource Management levy		94	92
Water supply		348	319
Community wastewater management systems	· _	171	177
		613	588
Other Charges			
Penalties for late payment		31	22
Legal & other costs recovered	_	13	26
	-	44	48
		2,041	1,932
STATUTORY CHARGES			
Development Act fees		12	20
Animal registration fees & fines		7	6
Parking fines / expiation fees	_	1	
		20	26
USER CHARGES			
Cemetery/crematoria fees		7	3
Electricity Sales		4,149	3,960
Water Sales		1,245	1,282
Works		43	133
Childcare Fees		159	143
Commercial Bin Pickups		86	69
Swimming Pool Fees		18	23
-		111	97
Landing Fees			
Sundry	-	66 5,884	<u>70</u> 5,780
		5,004	5,760
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest on investments			
Local Government Finance Authority		3	13
Banks & other		1	.0
23 3. 34.3.	-	4	13
	-	-	

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

NOTE 2 - INCOME (continued)

DEIMBUDGEMENTS	Notes	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
reimbursements - for Workers Compensation Claims - personal accident and sickness insurance		37 56	<u>-</u>
		93	0
OTHER INCOME		000	444
Rebates received Sundry		399 381	114 267
Currary		780	381
GRANTS, SUBSIDIES, CONTRIBUTIONS			
Untied - Financial Assistance Grant Roads to Recovery		1,287	429
Child Care		301 237	261
Breakaways		244	237
Fuel Excise		1,284	1,246
Energy SA Subsidy Sundry		2,396 324	3,415 313
		6,073	5,901
		6,073	5,901
The functions to which these grants relate are show	vn in No	ote 10.	
Sources of grants		4.000	004
Commonwealth government		1,822	261 5.640
State government Other		4,251 0	5,640 0
Guiei		6,073	5,901
Conditions over grants & contributions			
Grants and contributions which were obtained on the corspecified purposes or in a future period, but which are not those conditions, are as follows:			
Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting period Less: expended during the current period from revenues recognised in previous reporting periods	1	-	429
Roads Infrastructure		-	(429)
Subtota	1		(429)
Unexpended at the close of this reporting period			-
Net increase (decrease) in assets subject to conditions in the current reporting period			(429)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 3 - EXPENSES

	Notes	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
EMPLOYEE COSTS			
Salaries and Wages		3,525	4,423
Employee leave expense		813	445
Superannuation - defined contribution plan contributions	15	452	359
Superannuation - defined benefit plan contributions	15	-	51
Workers' Compensation Insurance		243	27
Less: Capitalised and distributed costs	_	(44)	
Total Operating Employee Costs	_	4,989	5,305
Total Number of Employees (Full time equivalent at end of reporting period)		51	45
, ,			
MATERIALS, CONTRACTS & OTHER EXPENSES Prescribed Expenses			
Auditor's Remuneration			
- Auditing the financial reports		23	23
Bad and Doubtful Debts		61	-
Elected members' expenses		49	44
Election expenses		10	-
Subtotal - Prescribed Expenses	_	143	67
Other Materials, Contracts & Expenses			
IT Expenses		148	201
PPA Operating Expenses		4,976	5,951
Legal Expenses		89	244
Distribution Expenses		192	458
Production Planned Maintenance		159	169
Raw Water Expenses		227	128
Road Maintenance		79	80
Other		1,943	2,749
Levies paid to government - NRM Levy		95	90
Sundry		435	467
Subtotal - Other Materials, Contracts & Expenses		8,343	10,537
	_	8,486	10,604
DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION & IMPAIRMENT			
Depreciation		4.4.4	470
Buildings		141	179
Transport Assets		193	457
Water		299	340
Electricity Starmwater Prainage		224	200
Stormwater Drainage Waste Water		4	7
		30 228	32 224
Plant & Equipment Furniture		220	
rumlure	_		39 1,478
	_	1,119	1,478
FINANCE COSTS			
Interest on Loans		353	256
Charges on Finance Leases		_	
Charges On Finance Leases	_	2 355	<u>3</u> 259
	_	333	209

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 4 - CURRENT ASSETS

		2017	2016
CASH & EQUIVALENT ASSETS	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Cash on Hand and at Bank		224	274
Deposits at Call		545	101
·		769	375
TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Rates - General & Other		272	230
Accrued Revenues		1	-
Debtors - CWMS		41	36
Debtors - Electricity		854	848
Debtors - Water		229	275
Debtors - Sundry		545	538
GST Recoupment		45	31
Total		1,987	1,958
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debts		132	70
	•	1,855	1,888
INVENTORIES			
Stores & Materials		319	511
		319	511

Note 5 - NON-CURRENT ASSETS

FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Receivables		
Council Rates Postponement Scheme	11	-
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	11	-

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 6 - INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

		2016				20	17		
			\$'000				\$'0	00	
	Fair Value	AT FAIR	AT COST	ACCUM	CARRYING	AT FAIR	AT COST	ACCUM	CARRYING
	Level	VALUE	AT 0001	DEP'N	AMOUNT	VALUE	AT 0001	DEP'N	AMOUNT
Land	2	663	486	-	1,149	663	486	-	1,149
Buildings	2	3,640	5,327	(3,995)	4,972	7,712	-	(2,664)	5,048
Transport Assets	3	3,502	8,521	(4,838)	7,185	9,820	197	(3,284)	6,733
Water	3	7,522	9,533	(8,152)	8,903	14,704	-	(5,980)	8,724
Electricity	3	3,560	5,325	(5,464)	3,421	8,658	-	(3,548)	5,110
Stormwater Drainage	3	165	71	(97)	139	249	-	(75)	174
Waste Water	3	517	1,036	(672)	881	2,098	-	(655)	1,443
Plant & Equipment	2	1,831	1,349	(1,290)	1,890	1,831	1,398	(1,518)	1,711
Furniture	n/a	-	465	(465)	-	-	465	(465)	-
TOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE, PIPLANT & EQUIPMENT	ROPERTY,	21,400	32,113	(24,973)	28,540	45,735	2,546	(18,189)	30,092
Comparatives	s	21,400	32,001	(23,496)	29,905	21,400	32,113	(24,973)	28,540

This Note continues on the following pages.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 6 - INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

	2016 \$'000		CARRYING AMOUNT MOVEMENTS DURING YEAR \$'000							
	CARRYING	Addit	tions	Disposals	Discoula Demociation Invasion of Transfers		Net	CARRYING		
	AMOUNT	New/Upgrade	Renewals	Disposals	Depreciation	Impairment	In	Out	Revaluation	AMOUNT
Land	1,149	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	1,149
Buildings	4,972	_	-	_	(141)	-	-	-	217	5,048
Transport Assets	7,185	197	-	-	(193)	-	-	-	(456)	6,733
Water	8,903	-	-	-	(299)	-	-	-	120	8,724
Electricity	3,421	-	-	-	(224)	-	-	-	1,913	5,110
Stormwater Drainage	139	-	-	-	(4)	-	-	-	39	174
Waste Water	881	-	-	-	(30)	-	-	-	592	1,443
Plant & Equipment	1,890	49	-	-	(228)	-	-	-	-	1,711
Furniture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT	28,540	246	-	-	(1,119)	-	-	-	2,425	30,092
Comparatives	29,905	-	112	-	(1,478)	-	-	-	-	28,540

This Note continues on the following pages.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 6 (cont) – INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT General Valuation Principles

Accounting procedure:

Upon revaluation, the current new replacement cost and accumulated depreciation are re-stated such that the difference represents the fair value of the asset determined in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement: accumulated depreciation is taken to be the difference between current new replacement cost and fair value. In the case of land, fair value is taken to be the current replacement cost.

Highest and best use:

For land which Council has an unfettered right to sell, the "highest and best use" recognises the possibility of the demolition or substantial modification of some or all of the existing buildings and structures affixed to the land.

Much of the land under Council's care and control is Crown land or has been declared as community land under the provisions of the Local Government Act 1999. Other types of restrictions also exist.

For land subject to these restrictions, the highest and best use is taken to be the "highest and best use" available to Council, with a rebuttable presumption that the current use is the "highest and best use". The reason for the current use of a large proportion of Council's assets being other than the "highest and best use" relates to Council's principal role as the provider of services to the community, rather than the use of those assets for the generation of revenue.

For buildings and other structures on and in the land, including infrastructure, "highest and best use" is determined in accordance with the land on and in which they are situated.

Transition to AASB 13:

The requirements of AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement have been applied to all valuations undertaken since 1 July 2013.

Fair value hierarchy level 2 valuations:

Certain land, and the buildings and structures thereon, are shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 2 valuation inputs. They are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, with directly or indirectly observable adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset.

Fair value hierarchy level 3 valuations of land:

Valuations of Crown land, community land and land subject to other restrictions on use or disposal, shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 3 valuation inputs, are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, but include adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset that are not directly or indirectly observable in that market, or the number and / or amount of observable adjustments of which are so great that the valuation is more fairly described as being based on level 3 valuation inputs.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 6 (cont) - INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

Fair value hierarchy level 3 valuations of buildings, infrastructure and other assets:

There is no known market for these assets and they are valued at depreciated current replacement cost. This method involves:

The determination of the cost to construct the asset (or its modern engineering equivalent) using current prices for materials and labour, the quantities of each being estimated based on recent experience of this or similar Councils, or on industry construction guides where these are more appropriate.

The calculation of the depreciation that would have accumulated since original construction using current estimates of residual value and useful life under the prime cost depreciation method adopted by Council.

This method has significant inherent uncertainties, relying on estimates of quantities of materials and labour, residual values and useful lives, and the possibility of changes in prices for materials and labour, and the potential for development of more efficient construction techniques.

Land & Land Improvements

Pursuant to Council's elections, freehold land and land over which council has control, but does not have title is recognised on the basis. No capitalisation threshold is applied to the acquisitions of land or interests in land.

Land improvements, includes bulk earthworks with an assessed unlimited useful life, are recognised on the cost basis, originally deriving from a valuation at 30 June 2010 at current replacement cost. Additions are recognised at cost.

Estimated future costs of reinstatement of land, capitalised in accordance with AASB 116.16(c), are reviewed annually (see Note 1) and depreciated over the estimated remaining life of the relevant asset.

Buildings & Other Structures

Buildings and other structures assets were valued by Gayler Professional Engineering (GPE) at Straight line method as at 30 June 2017 and pursuant to Council's elections are disclosed at deemed cost. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost.

Infrastructure, Water, Electricity & Storm Water

Transportation assets were valued by GPE at straight line method as at 1 July 2016 and Pursuant to Council's elections are disclosed at deemed cost. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuations are recorded at cost.

Stormwater drainage infrastructure assets were valued by GPE at straight line method as at 1 July 2016 and pursuant of Council's elections are disclosed at deemed cost. All acquisition made after the respective date of valuation are recorded at cost.

Electricity Distribution assets were valued by GPE at straight line method cost as at 1 July 2016 and pursuant of Council's elections are disclosed at deemed cost. All acquisition made after the respective date of valuation are recorded at cost.

Water and Sewage assets were valued by GPE at straight line method as at 1 July 2016 and pursuant of Council's elections are disclosed at deemed cost. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost.

All other assets

Pursuant to Council's elections, these assets are recognised on the cost basis.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 7 - LIABILITIES

)17)00	2016 \$'000		
TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES	Notes	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	
Goods & Services		741		1,249		
Accrued expenses - employee entitlements		500	-	258	-	
Accrued expenses - other		120	-	120	-	
Deposits, Retentions and Bonds		16	-	-	-	
Additional Creditors		107	-	89	-	
Tax Liabilities		166	-	275	-	
	_	1,650	•	1,991	-	
BORROWINGS Loans Finance Leases	12 _	202 9 211	6,720 13 6,733	191 <u>8</u> 199	6,923 25 6,948	
All interest bearing liabilities are secured over	er the fu	ture revenu	es of the Council			
PROVISIONS						
Employee entitlements (including oncosts)		86	158	172	167	
	_	86	158	172	167	
	_					

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 8 - RESERVES

ASSET REVALUATION RE	SERVE	1/7/2016	Net Increments (Decrements)	Transfers, Impairments	30/6/2017
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Prior Revaluations		12,959			12,959
Buildings		-	217	-	217
Transport Assets		-	(456)	-	(456)
Water		-	120	-	120
Electricity		-	1,913	-	1,913
Stormwater Drainage		-	39	-	39
Waste Water		-	592	-	592
TOTAL		12,959	2,425	=.	15,384
	Comparatives	12,959	-	-	12,959

OTHER RESERVES		1/7/2016	Transfers to Reserve	Transfers from Reserve	30/6/2017
Breakaway Reserve		25	-	-	25
TOTAL OTHER RESERVES	_	25	-	-	25
	Comparatives	25	-	-	25

PURPOSES OF RESERVES

Asset Revaluation Reserve

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements arising from changes in fair value of non-current assets (less any subsequent impairment losses, where applicable).

Breakaway Reserve

Funds received by the Breakaways Conservation Park are applied back to the Park.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 9 - RECONCILIATION TO CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

Cash Assets comprise highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity subject to insignificant risk of changes of value. Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Cash Flow Statement is reconciled to the related items in the Balance Sheet as follows:

Total cash & equivalent assets Balances per Cash Flow Statement	Notes 4	2017 \$'000 769 769	2016 \$'000 375 375
(b) Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Cash from Operating Activities			
Net Surplus (Deficit)		(54)	(3,613)
Non-cash items in Income Statement		` ,	(, ,
Depreciation, amortisation & impairment		1,119	1,478
Net increase (decrease) in unpaid employee benefits		147	(95)
Change in allowances for under-recovery		62	
		1,274	(2,190)
Add (Less): Changes in Net Current Assets			
Net (increase) decrease in receivables		(40)	236
Net (increase) decrease in inventories		192	1,170
Net increase (decrease) in trade & other payables		(583)	
Net Cash provided by (or used in) operations		843	(1,818)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 10 - FUNCTIONS

	INCOME	INCOMES, EXPENSES AND ASSETS HAVE BEEN DIRECTLY ATTRIBUTED TO THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS & ACTIVITIES								
	INCOME		EXPEN	ISES	OPERATING SURPLUS (DEFICIT)		GRANTS INCLUDED IN		TOTAL ASSI (CURRE	
						,		OME	NON-CUF	
L	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL			<u> </u>	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
L	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	3,460	3,554	2,313	2,536	1,147	1,018	1,304	1,370	9,418	12,851
	1,038	782	1,521	1,979	(483)	(1,197)	738	654	-	-
	1,579	1,584	1,711	1,514	(132)	70	28	-	8,953	8,903
	187	243	184	218	3	25	-	-	1,484	881
	803	389	2,732	4,061	(1,929)	(3,672)	357	-	7,227	5,258
	7,828	7,481	6,488	7,338	1,340	143	3,646	3,877	5,964	3,421
ı	14,895	14,033	14,949	17,646	(54)	(3,613)	6,073	5,901	33,046	31,314

Administration
Community Services
Water Supply
Sewerage
Works
Electricity
TOTALS

Revenues and expenses exclude net gain (loss) on disposal or revaluation of assets, net gain (loss) from joint ventures & associated entities, amounts received specifically for new or upgraded assets and physical resources received free of charge.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 10 (cont) - COMPONENTS OF FUNCTIONS

The activities relating to Council functions are as follows:

Electricity Supply

Provide retail billing, distribution and generation of Electricity to the township of Coober Pedy.

Water Supply

Provides the water supply to the township of Coober Pedy through a Reserve Osmosis reticulation system

Waste Water

Processing sewerage through the current sewerage scheme and providing processes water to the town and school ovals.

Works

Provides services such as road and infrastructure maintenance, dog control, aerodrome maintenance, parks & gardens maintenance and town drainage.

Administration

Governance, administration, Elected members, organisational support services, Accounting/Finance, Payroll, Housing for Council Employees, Human Resources, Information technology, Communication, Rates Administration, Records, Occupancy, Contracts Management, Customers services, other support services, Revenue, LGGC-General Purpose and Separate and Special rates.

Community Services

Provides services to community such as swimming pool, library, economic developments, tourism services, childcare services and youth services.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 11 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

All financial instruments are categorised as loans and receivables.

Accounting Policies - Recognised Financial Instruments

Bank, Deposits at Call, Short Term	Accounting Policy: Carried at lower of cost and net realiseable value; Interest is
Deposits	recognised when earned.
	Terms & conditions: Deposits are returning fixed interest rates between 1.5% and 1.75% (2016: 1% and 1.5%).
	Carrying amount: approximates fair value due to the short term to maturity.
Receivables - Rates & Associated Charges (including legals & penalties for late payment) Note: These receivables do not	Accounting Policy: Carried at nominal values less any allowance for doubtful debts. An allowance for doubtful debts is recognised (and re-assessed annually) when collection in full is no longer probable. Terms & conditions: Secured over the subject land, arrears attract interest of 11.28%
meet the definition of "financial instruments" and have been excluded from the following	(2016: 11.28%) Although Council is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries in the State.
disclosures.	Carrying amount: approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).
Receivables - Fees & other charges	Accounting Policy: Carried at nominal values less any allowance for doubtful debts. An allowance for doubtful debts is recognised (and re-assessed annually) when collection in full is no longer probable.
	Terms & conditions: Unsecured, and do not bear interest. Although Council is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries.
	Carrying amount: approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).
Receivables - other levels of	Accounting Policy: Carried at nominal value.
government	Terms & conditions: Amounts due have been calculated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the respective programs following advice of approvals, and do not bear interest. All amounts are due by Departments and Agencies of State and Federal Governments.
	Carrying amount: approximates fair value.
Liabilities - Creditors and Accruals	Accounting Policy: Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Council.
	Terms & conditions: Liabilities are normally settled on 30 day terms.
	Carrying amount: approximates fair value.
Liabilities - Interest Bearing Borrowings	Accounting Policy: Carried at the principal amounts. Interest is charged as an expense as it accrues.
	Terms & conditions: secured over future revenues, borrowings are repayable biannually; interest is charged at fixed (or variable - describe) rates between 3.75% and 6.8% (2016: 4% and 6.8%)
	Carrying amount: approximates fair value.
Liabilities - Finance Leases	Accounting Policy: accounted for in accordance with AASB 117.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 11 (cont) - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Liquidity Analysis

2017		Due < 1 year	Due > 1 year; <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pr< th=""><th>Due > 5 years</th><th>Total Contractual Cash Flows</th><th>Carrying Values</th></pr<>	Due > 5 years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
Financial Assets		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash & Equivalents		769			769	769
Receivables		2,050			2,050	1,726
Other Financial Assets		ŕ			, -	· -
	Total	2,819	-	-	2,819	2,495
Financial Liabilities	•	·				
Payables		1,511			1,511	1,030
Current Borrowings		259			259	211
Non-Current Borrowings			6,722	115	6,837	6,733
	Total	1,770	6,722	115	8,607	7,974
2016		Due < 1 year	Due > 1 year; <u><</u> 5 years	Due > 5 years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
2016 Financial Assets		Due < 1 year \$'000	,	Due > 5 years \$'000	Contractual	
		•	<u><</u> 5 years	•	Contractual Cash Flows	Values
Financial Assets		\$'000	<u><</u> 5 years	•	Contractual Cash Flows \$'000	Values \$'000
Financial Assets Cash & Equivalents	_	\$'000 375 1,728	<u><</u> 5 years	•	Contractual Cash Flows \$'000 375 1,728	Values \$'000 375 1,728
Financial Assets Cash & Equivalents Receivables Other Financial Assets	Total	\$'000 375	<u><</u> 5 years	•	Contractual Cash Flows \$'000	Values \$'000 375
Financial Assets Cash & Equivalents Receivables Other Financial Assets Financial Liabilities	Total	\$'000 375 1,728 2,103	<u><</u> 5 years \$'000	\$'000	Contractual Cash Flows \$'000 375 1,728 - 2,103	Values \$'000 375 1,728 - 2,103
Financial Assets Cash & Equivalents Receivables Other Financial Assets Financial Liabilities Payables	Total _	\$'000 375 1,728 2,103	<u><</u> 5 years \$'000	\$'000	Contractual Cash Flows \$'000 375 1,728 - 2,103	Values \$'000 375 1,728 - 2,103 1,613
Financial Assets Cash & Equivalents Receivables Other Financial Assets Financial Liabilities Payables Current Borrowings	Total	\$'000 375 1,728 2,103		\$'000	Contractual Cash Flows \$'000 375 1,728 - 2,103 1,613 257	Values \$'000 375 1,728 - 2,103 1,613 199
Financial Assets Cash & Equivalents Receivables Other Financial Assets Financial Liabilities Payables	Total _	\$'000 375 1,728 2,103	<u><</u> 5 years \$'000	\$'000	Contractual Cash Flows \$'000 375 1,728 - 2,103	Values \$'000 375 1,728 - 2,103 1,613

The following interest rates were applicable to Council's borrowings at balance date:

	30 June 2017		30 Jun	ne 2016	
	Weighted		Weighted		
	Average Interest	Carrying Value	Average Interest	Carrying Value	
	Rate		Rate		
	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	
Overdraft					
Other Variable Rates	3.75	6,000	4.00	6,000	
Fixed Interest Rates	5.43	944	5.38	1,147	
	-	6,944	-	7,147	

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 11 (cont) - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Net Fair Value

All carrying values approximate fair value for all recognised financial instruments. There is no recognised market for the financial assets of the Council.

Risk Exposures

<u>Credit Risk</u> represents the loss that would be recognised if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The maximum credit risk on financial assets of the Council is the carrying amount, net of any allowance for doubtful debts. All Council investments are made with the SA Local Government Finance Authority and are guaranteed by the SA Government. Except as detailed in Notes 5 & 6 in relation to individual classes of receivables, exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries, and there is no material exposure to any individual debtor.

<u>Market Risk</u> is the risk that fair values of financial assets will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. All of Council's financial assets are denominated in Australian dollars and are not traded on any market, and hence neither market risk nor <u>currency risk</u> apply.

<u>Liquidity Risk</u> is the risk that Council will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations with financial liabilities. In accordance with the model Treasury Management Policy (LGA Information Paper 15), liabilities have a range of maturity dates. Council also has available a range of bank overdraft and standby borrowing facilities that it can access.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Council has a balance of both fixed and variable interest rate borrowings and investments. Cash flow fluctuations are managed holistically in seeking to minimise interest costs over the longer term in a risk averse manner.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 12 - COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE

			2017	2016
		<u>Notes</u>	\$'000	\$'000

Finance Lease Commitments

Council leases various plant and equipment with a carrying amount of \$22,122 (2016 - \$33,471) under finance leases expiring within 1 to 4 years. At expiry, Council may re-lease, or return or acquire the leased assets.

Commitments under finance leases at the reporting date are as follows:

Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years		10 14	8 25
Minimum lease payments		24	33
Less: future finance charges		(2)	
Net Lease Liability		22	33
Representing lease liabilities:			
Current	7	9	8
Non-Current	7	13	25
		22	33

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 13 - FINANCIAL INDICATORS

2017 2016 2015

These Financial Indicators have been calculated in accordance with *Information Paper 9 - Local Government Financial Indicators* prepared as part of the LGA Financial Sustainability Program for the Local Government Association of South Australia. Detailed methods of calculation are set out in the SA Model Statements.

The Information Paper was revised in May 2015 and the financial indicators for previous years have been re-calculated in accordance with the revised formulas.

Operating Surplus Ratio

<u>Operating Surplus</u> 0.0% (26.0%) (15.0%) Total Operating Revenue

This ratio expresses the operating surplus as a percentage of total operating revenue.

Adjusted Operating Surplus Ratio (3.0%) (22.0%) (18.0%)

In recent years the Federal Government has made advance payments prior to 30th June from future year allocations of financial assistance grants, as explained in Note 1. The **Adjusted Operating Surplus Ratio** adjusts for the resulting distortion in the disclosed operating result for each year.

Net Financial Liabilities Ratio

Net Financial Liabilities 42% 51% 41% Total Operating Revenue

Net Financial Liabilities are defined as total liabilities less financial assets. These are expressed as a percentage of total operating revenue.

Asset Sustainability Ratio

Net Asset Renewals	0%	8%	80%
Infrastructure & Asset Management Plan required	*	*	*
expenditure			

Net asset renewals expenditure is defined as net capital expenditure on the renewal and replacement of existing assets, and excludes new capital expenditure on the acquisition of additional assets.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 14 - UNIFORM PRESENTATION OF FINANCES

The following is a high level summary of both operating and capital investment activities of the Council prepared on a simplified Uniform Presentation Framework basis.

All Councils in South Australia have agreed to summarise annual budgets and long-term financial plans on the same basis.

The arrangements ensure that all Councils provide a common 'core' of financial information, which enables meaningful comparisons of each Council's finances

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Income /ess Expenses Operating Surplus / (Deficit)	14,895 14,949 (54)	14,033 17,646 (3,613)
less Net Outlays on Existing Assets Capital Expenditure on renewal and replacement of Existing Assets Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	- (1,119) (1,119)	113 (1,478) (1,365)
less Net Outlays on New and Upgraded Assets		
Capital Expenditure on New and Upgraded Assets (including investment property & real estate developments)	246	-
Amounts received specifically for New and Upgraded Assets	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Surplus Assets (including investment property and real estate developments)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	246_	
Net Lending / (Borrowing) for Financial Year	819	(2,248)

DISTRICT COUNCIL OF COOBER PEDY

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 15 – SUPERANNUATION

The Council makes employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to Statewide Super (formerly Local Government Superannuation Scheme). There are two types of membership, each of which is funded differently. Permanent and contract employees of the South Australian Local Government sector with Salarylink benefits prior to 24 November 2009 have the option to contribute to the Accumulation section and/or Salarylink. All other employees (including casuals) have all contributions allocated to the Accumulation section.

Accumulation only Members

Accumulation only members receive both employer and employee contributions on a progressive basis. Employer contributions are based on a fixed percentage of ordinary time earnings in accordance with superannuation guarantee legislation (9.50% in 2016/17; 9.50% in 2015/16). No further liability accrues to the Council as the superannuation benefits accruing to employees are represented by their share of the net assets of the Fund.

Salarylink (Defined Benefit Fund) Members

Salarylink is a defined benefit scheme where the benefit payable is based on a formula determined by the member's contribution rate, number of years and level of contribution and final average salary. Council makes employer contributions to Salarylink as determined by the Fund's Trustee based on advice from the appointed Actuary. The rate is currently 6.3% (6.3% in 2015/16) of "superannuation" salary.

In addition, Council makes a separate contribution of 3% of ordinary time earnings for Salarylink members to their Accumulation account. Employees also make member contributions to the Salarylink section of the Fund. As such, assets accumulate in the Salarylink section of the Fund to meet the member's benefits, as defined in the Trust Deed, as they accrue.

The Salarylink section is a multi-employer sponsored plan. As the Salarylink section's assets and liabilities are pooled and are not allocated by each employer, and employees may transfer to another employer within the local government sector and retain membership of the Fund, the Actuary is unable to allocate benefit liabilities, assets and costs between employers. As provided by AASB 119.32(b), Council does not use defined benefit accounting for these contributions.

The most recent actuarial investigation was conducted by the Fund's actuary, A C Miller, FIAA, of Russell Employee Benefits Pty Ltd as at 30 June 2014. The Trustee has determined that the current funding arrangements are adequate for the expected Salarylink liabilities. However, future financial and economic circumstances may require changes to Council's contribution rates at some future time.

DISTRICT COUNCIL OF COOBER PEDY

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 16 - CONTINGENCIES & ASSETS & LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Balance Sheet but knowledge of those items is considered relevant to user of the financial report in making and evaluating decisions about the allocation of scarce resources.

1. LAND UNDER ROADS

As reported elsewhere in these Statements, Council is of the opinion that it is not possible to attribute a value sufficiently reliably for these assets to qualify for recognition, and accordingly land under roads has not been recognised in these reports. Land acquired for road purposes during the year is initially recognised at cost, but transferred to fair value at reporting date, effectively writing off the expenditure.

2. POTENTIAL INSURANCE LOSSES

Council is a multi-purpose organisation providing a large range of building, parks infrastructure, playgrounds and other facilities accessible to the public. At any time, it is likely that claims will have been made against Council that remain unsettled.

Council insures against all known insurable risks using a range of insurance policies, each of which is subject to a deductible "insurance excess", the amount of which varies according to the class of insurance.

Council has recognised the potential losses arising from claims known at reporting date based on average historical net cost (including insurance excess) of similar types of claims. Other potential claims not reported to Council may have existed at reporting date.

3. BANK GUARANTEES

Council has guaranteed certain loans and other banking facilities advanced to community organisations and sporting bodies

Council does not expect to incur any loss arising from these guarantees.

4. LEGAL EXPENSES

Council is the planning consent authority for its area under the Development Act 1993 (as amended). Pursuant to that Act, certain persons aggrieved by a planning decision of the Council may appeal. It is normal practice that parties bear their own legal costs. At the date of these reports, Council had notice of no appeals against planning decisions made prior to reporting date. All known costs have been recognised, but the amount of further costs cannot be known until the appeals are determined.

5. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The contingent liabilities listed above comprise all those known to Council at the reporting date.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 17 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The Key Management Personnel of the Council include the Mayor, Councillors, CEO and certain prescribed officers under section 112 of the Local Government Act 1999. In all, 18 persons were paid the following total compensation:

	2017	
	\$	
Salaries, allowances & other short term benefits	904,502	

Other than amounts paid as ratepayers or residents (e.g. rates, swimming pool entry fees, etc.), Council received the following amounts in total:

	2017	
	\$	
Rentals for Council property	6,600	



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE DISTRICT COUNCIL OF COOBER PEDY

Disclaimer of Opinion

We were engaged to audit the accompanying financial report of the District Council Of Coober Pedy, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the Certification of the Financial Statements.

We do not express an opinion on the accompanying financial report. Because of the significance of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on this financial report for the Council's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence for the valuation, existence and completeness of Property, Plant & Equipment which is stated in the Statement of Financial Position at a carrying value of \$23,557,219 as at 30 June 2017.

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence for the accuracy and completeness of Depreciation which is stated in the Statement of Comprehensive Income at a value of \$401,025 as at 30 June 2017, due to the gualification over the Property, Plant & Equipment balance.

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence relating to the existence and valuation of Inventory stated in the Statement of Financial Position at a carrying value of \$318,927 as at 30 June 2017. Additionally, due to the qualification of the balance as at 30 June 2016, we were unable to verify the inventory expensed throughout the year.

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence for the recoverability of the electricity debtors stated in Note 4 at a carrying value of \$854,000 as at 30 June 2017.

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence for the completeness and accuracy of the tax liability which is stated in Note 7 for \$166,000 as at 30 June 2017.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial report, which gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011*, and for such internal control as the committee and management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of a financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.







In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the entity's financial report in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial report.

We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

BENTLEYS SA AUDIT PARTNERSHIP

DAVID PAPA PARTNER

Dated at Adelaide this 17th day of September 2018



Bentleys SA Audit Partnership

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INDEPENDENT ASSURANCE REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROLS OF THE DISTRICT COUNCIL OF COOBER PEDY

Opinion

We have audited the compliance of the District Council of Coober Pedy (the Council) with the requirements of Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation to the Internal Controls established by the Council to ensure that financial transactions relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities for the period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 are in accordance with legislative provisions.

In our opinion, the Council has not complied, in all material respects, with Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation to Internal Controls, established by the Council in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities so as to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the Council have been conducted properly and in accordance with legislative provisions for the period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017.

Qualification

The council has significant deficiencies in their internal controls to ensure that financial transactions relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities for the period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 were accordance with legislative provisions. These deficiencies were due to an absence of policies, procedures and robust internal controls.

Limitation on Use

This report has been prepared for the members of the Council in accordance with Section 129 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation to Internal Controls specified above. We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this report to any persons or users other than the members of the Council, or for any purpose other than that for which it was prepared.

Limitations of Controls

Because of the inherent limitations of any internal control structure it is possible that, even if the controls are suitably designed and operating effectively, the control objectives may not be achieved so that fraud, error, or non-compliance with laws and regulations may occur and not be detected.

An assurance engagement on internal controls is not designed to detect all instances of controls operating ineffectively as it is not performed continuously throughout the period and the tests performed are on a sample basis. Any projection of the outcome of the evaluation of controls to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with them may deteriorate.







Independence

In conducting our engagement, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies.

The Council's Responsibility for the Internal Controls

The Council is responsible for implementing and maintaining an adequate system of internal controls, in accordance with *Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999* in relation to Internal Controls, to ensure that the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, the acquisition and disposal of property, and incurring of liabilities are in accordance with legislative provisions.

Our Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Council's compliance with *Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999* in relation only to the Internal Controls established by the Council to ensure that financial transactions relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities, based on our procedures. Our engagement has been conducted in accordance with applicable Australian Standards on Assurance Engagements ASAE 3100 *Compliance Engagements*, issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, in order to state whether, in all material respects, the *Council* has complied with *Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999* in relation only to the Internal Controls specified above for the period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017. ASAE 3100 also requires us to comply with the relevant ethical requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies.

Our procedures included obtaining an understanding of internal controls in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, the acquisition and disposal of property and the incurring of liabilities, evaluating management's assessment of these internal controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and implementation of controls on a sample basis on the assessed risks.

BENTLEYS SA AUDIT PARTNERSHIP

DAVID PAPA PARTNER

Dated at Adelaide this 17th day of September 2018

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2017

CERTIFICATION OF AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of the District Council of Coober Pedy for the year ended 30 June 2017, the Council's Auditor, Bentleys (SA) Pty Ltd, has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Colin Pittman

ACTING CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Neville Hall

PRESIDING MEMBER
AUDIT COMMITTEE

Date:

7 September

2018



Bentleys SA Audit Partnership

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Certification of Auditor Independence

I confirm that, for the audit of the financial statements of District Council of Coober Pedy for the year ended 30 June 2017, I have maintained my independence in accordance with the requirements of APES 110 – Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, Section 290, published by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, in accordance with the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22 (5) Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Bentleys SA Audit Partnership

David Papa Partner

Dated at Adelaide this 17th day of September 2018.



